## Dumfries and Galloway Health and Social Care Partnership

# **Summary Performance Report**



### December 2019

RAG		Latest Figure Dumfries and			Previous Figure Dumfries and	•	25 month trend
KAG	Time Period	Galloway	Comparison	Time Period	Galloway	Comparison	
Commun	nity Health an	d Social Care					
E1.2 (LS)	The number of	•					
<b>\</b>	Nov 2019	1,245	1,265 (TT)	Oct 2019	1,361	1,265 (TT)	4-m
E2.2 (LS) The number of bed days for people admitted as an emergency, people aged 18 or older, acute							
specialties	Nov 2019	11,820	10,611 (TT)	Oct 2019	12,253	10,630 (TT)	<b>*******</b>
		ed days occupied le aged 18 and ol		periencing a del	ay in their discha	arge from	
<b>1</b>	Nov 2019	1,887	1,019 (TT)	Oct 2019	2,344	1,019 (TT)	•
` '	•	eople who wait no (AHP) Musculos	•		ral to first appoir	ntment with the	
1	Nov 2019	57.8%	90.0% (T)	Oct 2019	47.1%	90.0% (T)	~

#### Key

We are meeting or exceeding the target or number we compare against

We are within 3% of meeting the target or number we compare against

We are more than 3% away from meeting the target or number we compare against

- ↑ Statistical tests suggest the number has increased over time
- → Statistical tests suggest there is no change over time
- Statistical test suggest the number has decreased over time
- (S) The number we compare against is the result for Scotland
- (T) The number we compare against is a target set by the Scottish Government
- (TT) The number we compare against is an agreed Target Trajectory
- (LS) The result presented here is a Local Statistic calculated using data held in Dumfries and Galloway (OS) The result presented here is an Official Statistic provided by ISD Scotland

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		Latest Figure			Previous Figure	25 month trend	
RAG	Time Period	Dumfries and Galloway	Comparison	Time Period	Dumfries and Galloway	Comparison	
Acute a	nd Diagnostic	S					
		Guarantee (TTG):	•	-	weeks from agree	eing treatment	
1	Nov 2019	81.5%	76.0% (TT)	Oct 2019	77.3%	75.0% (TT)	
		patient appointmetient appointment		of people who	vait no longer tha	an 12 weeks	
<b>↑</b>	Nov 2019	93.7%	95.0% (T)	Oct 2019	91.6%	95.0% (T)	
37 (LS) P	Percentage of pe	ople who waited l	ess than 6 weel	ks for diagnostic	tests and investi	gations	
1	Nov 2019	97.2%	100.0% (T)	Oct 2019	96.2%	100.0% (T)	
	8 weeks referral within 18 weeks	to treatment: The	e percentage of	planned/elective	patients that co	mmence	
↓ ↓	Nov 2019	82.9%	90.0% (T)	Oct 2019	85.3%	90.0% (T)	
` '		nergency waiting				than 4 hours	
↓ ↓	Nov 2019	and Emergency to 88.2%	95.0% (T)	Oct 2019	90.9%	95.0% (T)	
3 (LS) T	he number of pe	eople attending er	mergency depar	tment per month	l		
<b>\</b>	Nov 2019	3,954	3,852 (TT)	Oct 2019	4,230	3,852 (TT)	
322 (LS)	Dr led return tick	ets (beyond lates	st date at end of	month)			
<b>↑</b>	Nov 2019	6,464		Oct 2019	6,287		~~~
	_	time (part 1): The		all patients diag	nosed with cance	er who begin	
teatment ↓	Nov 2019	98.2%	95.0% (T)	Oct 2019	100.0%	95.0% (T)	
	_	time (part 2): The					
eferred u ↑	rgently with a su	spicion of cancer 91.7%	who began trea 95.0% (T)	atment within 62  Oct 2019	days of receipt of 82.4%	of referral 95.0% (T)	~~~

	Latest Figure			Previous Figure			25 month trend
RAG	Time Period	Dumfries and Galloway	Comparison	Time Period	Dumfries and Galloway	Comparison	
/lental	Health						
		erapies waiting ti within 18 weeks o		e of people who	commence Psyc	hological	•
1	Nov 2019	70.7%	78.7% (TT)	Oct 2019	70.6%	78.3% (TT)	
Vomen	and Children'	s					
, ,	,	times: Percentaç	, , , ,		nce treatment for	specialist Child	
1	Nov 2019	100.0%	90.0% (T)	Oct 2019	100.0%	90.0% (T)	
1.1 (LS	) The number of	people admitted a	as an emergenc	y, people aged ι	ınder 18		
1	Nov 2019	284	216 (TT)	Oct 2019	224	216 (TT)	
Corpora	ate Services						
` '	Sickness absend employees	ce rate: Proportio	n of hours lost to	o sickness abse	nce amongst NH	S Dumfries and	
<b>1</b>	Oct 2019	5.3%	4.0% (T)	Sep 2019	5.0%	4.0% (T)	~~~~

## Notes (1)

Indicator	Background					
E1.2: Number of emergency admissions, people aged 18 or older	This indicator is reported to the national Ministerial Steering Group (MSG) every quarter. The desired trajectory has been agreed between the NHS Board, IJB and MSG.					
E2.2 Emergency bed days people aged 18 or older	This indicator is reported to the national Ministerial Steering Group (MSG) every quarter. The desired trajectory has been agreed between the NHS Board, IJB and MSG.					
E4: Delayed Discharges bed days lost  This indicator is a measure of the number of bed days that are occupied by people who have been a appropriate to be discharged to another setting. It includes all hospital settings, acute, community, contained health and hospital to hospital transfers (which the national figures do not). These figures are for people who have been a appropriate to be discharged to another setting. It includes all hospital settings, acute, community, contained health and hospital to hospital transfers (which the national figures do not). These figures are for people who have been a appropriate to be discharged to another setting. It includes all hospital settings, acute, community, contained health and hospital to hospital transfers (which the national figures do not). These figures are for people who have been a appropriate to be discharged to another setting. It includes all hospital settings, acute, community, contained health and hospital to hospital transfers (which the national figures do not). These figures are for people who have been a appropriate to be discharged to another setting.						
B21: AHP MSK 4 weeks	Allied Health Professional Musculoskeletal service. This is a combined measure for a range of professional groups, all supporting different aspects of the musculoskeletal service.					
B4: TTG 12 weeks	The Treatment Time Guarantee (TTG) is set out in 'The Patient Right's (Scotland) Act 2011' which places a legal requirement on health boards. Once planned inpatient or day case treatment has been agreed, the person must receive that treatment within 12 weeks. Scottish Government has issued boards with interim targets for TTG: 75% by October 2019; 85% by October 2020; 100% by March 2021					
B6: Dr lead new outpatients 12 weeks	Not all outpatient clinics are led by doctors. This figure only includes doctor led clinics.					
B7: Diagnostic 6 weeks	This is a combined result for key tests including upper gastro-inestinal endoscopy, fexible sigmoidoscopy, colonoscopy, cystoscopy, CT scans, MRI scans and non-obstetric ultrasound scans. An aspirational local target is set at 4 weeks.					
B5: 18 weeks performance	The complete 18 week waiting times journey from referral to treatment is impacted by all the above partial segments of the 18 week pathways.					
B19: Emergency Department 4 hours	This measure indicates the length of time people experience between arrival and discharge from the emergency department (ED). Boards have been asked to commit to bring performance back to the level at March 2017, which was a target of 92.2%					
E3: Emergency department attendances	The management of the combined assessment unit (CAU) affects how activity seen in the ED is managed. This area is the focus of large scale redesign work supported by Scottish Government.					
B22: Dr Led return tickets	This measure is about the efficient use of outpatient appointments.					
B2(1): Cancer 31 days	This indicator is 1 of 2 Local Delivery Plan (LDP) Standards, chosen by the Scottish Government, that focus on the efficient delivery of support and treatment when a suspicion of cancer is raised. Due to the small numbers involved the monthly figures presented here are only intended as a very early indication of performance. Official statistics are published using quarterly rates, the variation from local to official figures is +/- 3%					
B2(2): Cancer 62 days	This indicator is the second Local Delivery Plan (LDP) Standards, chosen by the Scottish Government, that focus on the efficient delivery of support and treatment when a suspicion of cancer is raised. Due to the small numbers involved the monthly figurespresented here are only intended as a very early indication of performance. Official statistics are published using quarterly rates, the variation from local to official figures is +/- 3%					
B11: Psychological Therapies 18 weeks	The 18 week waiting times journey from referral to the start of psychological therapy treatment. This information is taken from reports published by ISD Scotland.					
B10: CAMHS 18 weeks	The 18 week waiting times journey from referral to the start of treatment by the Child and Adolescent Mental Health Service (CAMHS).					
E1.1: Number of emergency admissions, people aged under 18	The national figures provided to MSG for children admitted as an emergency are approximately 13% higher than local figures as these include admissions that occur out of area. The desired trajectory has been agreed between the NHS Board, IJB and MSG.					
B18: Sickness Absence	The proportion of days lost to sickness absence amongst NHS Dumfries and Galloway employees was 4.97%. The national target is 4% or lower.					
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